



Dr Jon LaPook: When prostate cancer spread over to his hip bone six months ago, his doctors decided to try something new. They injected him with a vaccine to ignite his immune system to fight the cancer. After three doses of a drug called Provenge®, his cancer is in check.

Patient: It worked for me and it could work for many people in the future.

LaPook: Vaccine therapy is a new frontier of cancer treatment. It doesn't require invasive surgery or toxic chemotherapy with all its side-effects.

Here's how it works: tumors sometimes trick⁽¹⁾ the body into thinking cancer cells are normal. Provenge[®] tells the immune system that cancer cells are the enemy and should be attacked.

One study showed that 127 patients with advanced prostate cancer survived an average of 4 and ½ months longer than those not on the drug.

Dr David Penson: This is a very desperate group of patients who have no other options. The cancer has spread all over their body, so that four-month-survival vantage⁽²⁾ really means a lot to these patients.

LaPook: Right now, this vaccine is still experimental and only for prostate cancer that does not respond to hormone therapy.

Dr Mitchell Benson: Where this is going to have the most applicability in the future is for the patient to have the very first signs of relapse⁽³⁾, where the amount of cancer in the body is not so great. And in that instance, this could result in prolonged remissions.

LaPook: Scientists are also working on therapy to boost⁽⁴⁾ the immune system to fight other kinds of cancers. The drug maker expects the FDA⁽⁵⁾ will decide whether to approve this cancer vaccine by May 15th. Catie.

Catie Kouric: Dr Jon LaPook, thank you.

CBSnews.

Lexical helpline:

- 1. trick into(v): cheat, deceive someone or something
- 2. vantage: a position that gives advantage
- 3. relapse: a sudden worsening of a condition
- **4. boost(v)**: improve and strengthen
- **5. The FDA:** The Food and Drug Administration (US authoritative body)